

**Проверочная работа
по АНГЛИЙСКОМУ ЯЗЫКУ**

10 класс

Вариант 2

Инструкция по выполнению заданий части 1 проверочной работы

На выполнение заданий части 1 проверочной работы по английскому языку отводится один урок (не более 45 минут). Часть 1 включает в себя 4 задания.

Ответы на задания запишите в поля ответов в тексте работы. В случае записи неверного ответа зачеркните его и запишите рядом новый.

При выполнении работы не разрешается пользоваться учебниками, рабочими тетрадями, справочниками и словарями.

При необходимости можно пользоваться черновиком. Записи в черновике проверяться и оцениваться не будут.

Советуем выполнять задания в том порядке, в котором они даны. В целях экономии времени пропускайте задание, которое не удаётся выполнить сразу, и переходите к следующему. Если после выполнения работы у Вас останется время, то Вы сможете вернуться к пропущенным заданиям.

Желаем успеха!

*Таблица для внесения баллов участника**

Номер задания	1	2	3	4	Сумма баллов (за Часть 1)
Баллы					

** Обратите внимание:* в случае, если какие-либо задания не могли быть выполнены целым классом по причинам, связанным с особенностями организации учебного процесса, в форме сбора результатов ВПР всем обучающимся класса за данные задания вместо баллов выставляется значение «Тема не пройдена». В соответствующие ячейки таблицы заполняется н/п.

1

Вы услышите диалог. Для каждого вопроса **А–Е** выберите один правильный вариант ответа из трёх предложенных (1, 2 или 3). Вы услышите запись дважды.

A. Who has lost some weight?

- 1) Paula 2) Leo 3) Both

B. Who thinks that junk food is good?

- 1) Paula 2) Leo 3) Neither

C. Who has changed his/her eating habits?

- 1) Paula 2) Leo 3) Both

D. Who says that eggs are good for breakfast?

- 1) Paula 2) Leo 3) Neither

E. Who CANNOT go to bed early?

- 1) Paula 2) Leo 3) Both

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.



Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E

2

Установите соответствие между текстами А–Е и рубриками 1–6. Используйте каждую рубрику **только один раз**. В задании одна рубрика лишняя.

1. The beginning of mass production
 2. The future of ice cream
 3. The loss of popularity
 4. Good in all weathers
 5. An ancient product
 6. Both milk and non-milk substances
- A. Ice cream has been around for over 2,000 years. We don't know exactly when the first frozen treats were created, but we do know that Alexander the Great enjoyed eating snow or ice mixed with honey and nectar. King Solomon loved iced fruit drinks. The Roman emperor Nero had snow brought from nearby mountains to make frozen confections. The first frozen treats didn't contain milk or cream, but were generally made by mixing fruit, honey, or nectar with snow and ice.
- B. Ice cream is a kind of food produced by freezing while being stirred, ice cream is a mix consisting of one or more milk products, sugar, and flavoring. It may also contain egg products; stabilizers, to achieve a consistent texture; emulsifiers, to keep the ingredients mixed. There is also a variety of flavours, some of the most popular being vanilla, strawberry, and chocolate.
- C. The first commercial ice-cream factory was established in 1851 by Jacob Fussell in Baltimore, Maryland. The industry grew and developed in all parts of the United States. The ice-cream soda was introduced in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1874, and the ice-cream cone appeared in 1904 at the world's fair in St. Louis, Missouri.
- D. As the years continue to pass, the consumption of this frozen treat continues to grow. In fact, ice cream is expected to grow by 4.2 % from 2025 till the end of this decade. The flavors continue to appear as well. With mankind developing complex palates and newer ways of interlinking different foods, ice cream undoubtedly is going to experience the addition of fresh ingredients. We even have spiced ice creams nowadays, and some people even seem to enjoy them.
- E. In Russia ice cream is a very popular dessert. A total of 470,000 tons of ice cream is currently produced in Russia each year and every Russian, on average, eats 3.3 kg of it annually. People in Russia eat ice cream even when it is cold. Ice cream in winter is like hot tea in summer or it can be somewhat compared to ice-hole swimming. Furthermore, ice cream, like other sweet foods, influences the production of endorphins, thus lowering stress levels and making us happier.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E

3

Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски А–Е частями предложений, обозначенными цифрами 1–6. Одна из частей в списке 1–6 лишняя.

Paper is a thin material that people use for writing, printing, wrapping, and many other purposes. There are many different types of paper. Everyday writing and printer paper is thin and smooth. Cardboard is a rough, thick type of paper **A**_____. Paper used for newspapers, called newsprint, is thin and cheap. Recycled paper is made from **B**_____.

People in China made the first paper almost 2,000 years ago. From China the art of papermaking slowly spread throughout the world. Now China is the leader in paper production. In 2020, China accounted for 24.9 % of the paper and paperboard production worldwide, **C**_____ of paper and paperboard.

The word paper comes from the word 'papyrus'. Papyrus is a plant that **D**_____ in Egypt. Papyrus sheets are made by putting two layers of papyrus on top of each other at right angles. After that, the papyrus sheet is soaked in water and then pressed. As the sheet dries, the sticky liquid from the papyrus plant **E**_____. The ancient library of Alexandra contains many works of ancient authors written on papyrus rolls and scientists can learn a lot about Ancient Egypt.

- 1) used paper or leftover bits of new paper
- 2) helps hold the pieces together like glue
- 3) grows along the river Nile
- 4) which comes out to 99.3 million tons
- 5) uses wood as raw material
- 6) used to make boxes and other packaging

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E

4

Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска, обозначенного буквами A–F, подходящее слово, выбрав его из списка. **Каждое из этих слов может быть использовано только один раз. Два слова в списке 1–8 лишние.**

Kamchatka Krai is located in the Asian part of Russia. It is very far from the central part of Russia. There are no railways or roads linking it with the A _____ of Russia. Flying is the most convenient way of entering or leaving Kamchatka.

The area of the peninsula is approximately equal to the area of the B _____ of New Zealand. About 330 volcanoes are located in Kamchatka, however, 90 % of them have long died out. But this does not C _____ that someday they will not wake up again

In the 17th century, Russian explorers first D _____ in the area. But the severe climate made exploration difficult. In 1867, after the E _____ of Alaska to the United States, Kamchatka lost its importance. It was because travellers were no longer stopping over the area to go to Alaska.

The economy of Kamchatka is mostly based on natural resources. These resources include wood, coal and gold. Kamchatka F _____ along major shipping routes. It thus provides services such as ship building, repairing and the moving of goods among ships.

1. whole
2. arrived
3. sale
4. lays
5. rest
6. lies
7. hole
8. mean

Запишите в таблицу номера выбранных слов под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E	F