

ФИПИ Пробный ОГЭ 2018 по английскому языку

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Раздел 1 (задания по аудированию)

1.

Вы два раза услышите четыре коротких диалога, обозначенных буквами A, B, C, D. Установите соответствие между диалогами и местами, где они происходят: к каждому диалогу подберите соответствующее место действия, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое место действия из списка 1–5 только один раз. В задании есть одно лишнее место действия.

1. On an excursion
2. At the airport
3. In a classroom
4. In a restaurant
5. On board a ship

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

A	B	C	D

2.

Вы два раза услышите пять высказываний, обозначенных буквами A, B, C, D, E. Установите соответствие между высказываниями и утверждениями из следующего списка: к каждому высказыванию подберите соответствующее утверждение, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое утверждение из списка 1–6 только один раз. В задании есть одно лишнее утверждение.

1. The speaker describes the school sports facilities.
2. The speaker describes his/her school library.
3. The speaker describes his/her schoolmates.
4. The speaker explains why he/she had to change school.
5. The speaker explains why he/she was late for school.
6. The speaker talks about his/her favourite school subject.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

A	B	C	D	E

3-8.

Вы услышите разговор двух друзей. В заданиях 3–8 в поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

3. Nora

- 1) is having a birthday party tonight.
- 2) had a birthday party some time ago.
- 3) is going to have a birthday party later.

4. Nora

- 1) has passed her Maths exam.
- 2) has failed her Maths exam.
- 3) is going to take her Maths exam later.

5. Nora

- 1) has chosen her future career already.
- 2) is choosing between two careers at the moment.
- 3) has no idea what to do in the future.

6. Next year Nora is going to

- 1) start working.
- 2) enter university.
- 3) continue her school education.

7. In the summer Nora wants to

- 1) go to Italy.
- 2) go to France.
- 3) stay at home.

8. Nora can speak

- 1) Italian and French.
- 2) Spanish and French.
- 3) Spanish and Italian.

3	4	5	6	7	8

Раздел 2 (задания по чтению)

9.

Прочитайте тексты и установите соответствие между текстами и их заголовками: к каждому тексту, обозначенному буквами A–G, подберите соответствующий заголовок, обозначенный цифрами 1–8. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании есть один лишний заголовок.

1. Like the others do
2. Unclear origin
3. Eco-friendly people
4. Keeping tradition
5. A warm welcome
6. Dishonest business
7. A long-lasting name mistake
8. A deadly misfortune

A. The Native Americans were the first inhabitants of the Americas. They were the first environmentalists. To them, every part of the natural world, whether it was an animal, vegetable or mineral, had a spirit. American Indians viewed nature as a gift from the Gods, which should be treated with great respect at all times. They gratefully took food and clothes from nature, but they never exceeded the limits.

B. The Native Americans inhabited different regions of the country and there is no reliable evidence of where they come from. The Native Americans claim that they have lived there since the beginning of time. There is also an opinion that they migrated there in prehistoric times via the Bering Strait Land Bridge. Some researchers believe that they came from Siberia or Asia. All these are still only hypotheses.

C. When Christopher Columbus landed, he thought he had reached India and called all the native people Indians. The name, though it was wrong, stuck to the local people and has been used to the present day. In fact, there were lots of different independent tribes with their own distinct cultures and languages. But they all became known to common public as Indians.

D. The Pilgrims, who sought religious freedom and crossed the Atlantic in the Mayflower in 1620, were treated kindly by the Indian tribe in Massachusetts. The native inhabitants generously shared their knowledge with the newcomers. They showed the Pilgrims how to plant corn, beans, and pumpkins, and where to hunt and fish. In fact, the Indians were excellent fishermen and even invented a special canoe. A widely celebrated holiday of Thanksgiving still reminds us of this gesture of goodwill.

E. However, this harmonious relationship was short-lived. Native Americans had lived in isolation for centuries and they had no protection against such European diseases as smallpox, typhus and measles. Unfortunately, the newcomers introduced these diseases to them. For those in regular contact with European settlers, the effects were destructive: it is estimated that in some tribes up to 90% of Native Americans died during the first century of contact with the Europeans.

F. Then things moved from bad to worse. European settlers drove the Indians away from their lands as settlers moved westward. Treaties were often signed after Indian leaders were given alcohol. Whether through war or lies, the Native Americans' lands were systematically taken. Indians were forced to move to separate areas, known as Indian Reservations. Most of the lands were unsuitable for cultivation and didn't have any valuable resources.

G. Many visitors to the USA ask about how they can visit an Indian Reservation. They could hardly do it! Nowadays very few natives live in reservations or in the traditional dwellings of their ancestors. Most Indian families live in homes that are not very different from any other houses in the USA, and their lifestyle does not differ much from contemporary American lifestyle.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G

Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений 10—17 соответствуют содержанию текста (1 — True), какие не соответствуют (2 — False) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (3 — Not stated). В поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа.

Halloween

Halloween dates back to an ancient Celtic festival. The Celts, who lived 2,000 years ago in the area of Ireland, the United Kingdom and northern France, celebrated their new year on 1st November. This day showed that the summer was over and winter had come. Because of the cold and darkness, winter was associated with human death.

Celts believed that on Halloween night the ghosts of the dead returned to earth. With their help, the Druids or Celtic priests, could predict the future. It was important because people depended on the natural world which was dangerous and changeable. They wanted to know what their life would be like in the next year.

For this event the Druids built big bonfires, where the people gathered to burn crops and animals. It was a gift to the Celtic gods. During the celebration, the Celts wore costumes made of animal heads and skins. They sang, danced and listened to the stories the Druids told them. When the celebration was over, they went home and brought burning pieces of wood with them. They lit their fires and hoped it would ensure good fortune and protect the family during the winter.

The first celebrations of Halloween in America were public events. Neighbours got together to celebrate the harvest and tell each other stories of the dead. They also sang and danced. By the middle of the nineteenth century, these autumn festivals were common, but Halloween was not yet celebrated everywhere in the country.

In the second half of the nineteenth century, lots of immigrants started coming to America. They helped to make the celebration of Halloween a popular national event. Americans began to dress up in frightening costumes and go from house to house asking for food or money. The most popular characters were witches, ghosts, and vampires. Everyone tried to look as ugly and scary as possible.

Halloween is closely associated with the Jack-o'-lantern, a pumpkin with a candle inside that shines through the holes to make a horrible face. Most people think that the Jack-o'-lantern is an American tradition. However, the original Jack-o'-lantern was not a pumpkin but a man who, according to the old Irish legend, played a trick on the devil himself. He was punished for that and was accepted neither to heaven nor to hell. The Irish people shared the legend with the Americans and showed them how to make Jack-o'-lantern out of the pumpkin.

By the 1930s, Halloween had been celebrated with parades, town-wide parties and lots of other entertainment. Later a new tendency appeared. By the 1950s, Halloween had changed into a holiday directed mainly at children. On that evening children in costumes travel from house to house in order to ask for treats (such as some sweets, a small present or a few coins) with the question "Trick or treat?" The trick is a threat (usually not working) to perform mischief on the

owner of the house if no treat is given. "Trick or treat?" has become a traditional practice on Halloween in many countries.

10. For the Celts Halloween was associated with the change of the seasons.

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated

11. The Celts paid the priests for their predictions.

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated

12. In ancient times fires were prohibited on Halloween night.

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated

13. The church strongly disapproved of Halloween celebration in America.

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated

14. Halloween came to the USA only in the 20th century.

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated

15. The Irish immigrants taught Americans how to use pumpkins for Halloween ceremonies.

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated

16. From the middle of the 20th century, children have taken an active part in Halloween celebrations.

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated

17. "Trick or treat" means "we wish you good luck".

- 1) True
- 2) False
- 3) Not stated

10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

Раздел 3 (задания по грамматике и лексике)

18-26.

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 18–26, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 18–26.

I come from England but now I live permanently in Québec, Canada. When my parents BRING me to Canada, I was fifteen. It was the winter and I IMPRESS by the amount of snow there. I asked my new friends what they usually DO for entertainment in such a cold climate. Their answer was simple, "In winter CHILD and adults go skiing and skating." Before arriving in Canada I had never tried skating and my Canadian ice experience was really painful. To start with, it took I half an hour to put on the skates. I NOT/KNOW how to move so my new friends showed me some basic techniques. However, when I was left alone on the ice, I FALL over immediately. When I opened my eyes, my new friends were standing around. They weren't laughing, they looked worried. "Are you OK?" they asked.

"Fine," I said, "I wish I CAN skate as easily as you do." "You definitely will," they smiled. And they were right. By the end of my ONE winter in Canada, I felt confident on the ice. More than that, I found out that skating was a really exciting activity!

18.

I come from England but now I live permanently in Québec, Canada. When my parents _____ me to Canada, I was fifteen.	BRING
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19.

It was the winter and I _____ by the amount of snow there.	IMPRESS
--	---------

20.

I asked my new friends what they usually _____ for entertainment in such a cold climate.	DO
--	----

21.

Their answer was simple, "In winter _____ and adults go skiing and skating." Before arriving in Canada I had never tried skating and my Canadian ice experience was really painful.	CHILD
--	-------

22.

To start with, it took _____ half an hour to put on the skates.	I
---	---

23.

I _____ how to move so my new friends showed me some basic techniques.	NOT/KNOW
--	----------

24.

However, when I was left alone on the ice, I _____ over immediately. When I opened my eyes, my new friends were standing around. They weren't laughing, they looked worried.	FALL
--	------

25.

"Are you OK?" they asked. "Fine," I said, "I wish I _____ skate as easily as you do."	CAN
--	-----

26.

"You definitely will," they smiled. And they were right. By the end of my _____ winter in Canada, I felt confident on the ice. More than that, I found out that skating was a really exciting activity!	ONE
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Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 27–32, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 27–32.

The best thing about shopping in London is that there really are hundreds of cool shops selling ____FASHION____ clothes. Only here you can find a wide choice of ____ORIGIN____ and unique shops. Sometimes you can buy ____FANTASY____ things there. You can spend a whole day in a shopping centre, have lunch in one of the European or ____ENGLAND____ restaurants, see a new film in the cinema and even enjoy a ____PERFORM____. But be ____CARE____ – London shops are expensive! Don't leave all your money in the shopping centre.

27.

The best thing about shopping in London is that there really are hundreds of cool shops selling _____ clothes.	FASHION
--	---------

28.

Only here you can find a wide choice of _____ and unique shops.	ORIGIN
---	--------

29.

Sometimes you can buy _____ things there.	FANTASY
---	---------

30.

You can spend a whole day in a shopping centre, have lunch in one of the European or _____ restaurants,	ENGLAND
---	---------

31.

see a new film in the cinema and even enjoy a _____.	PERFORM
--	---------

32.

But be _____ — London shops are expensive! Don't leave all your money in the shopping centre.	CARE
---	------

Раздел 4 (задание по письму)

Письмо

You have 30 minutes to do this task.

You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend, Ben.

...Sometimes I hate our school radio because they talk about things everyone knows. And news should be fresh! One day I will be a reporter and will show them how to make really good news...

...How do you get to know what's happening in the world? What are you going to be? Do you think English will be necessary for your future career, why? ...

Write him a letter and answer his 3 questions.

Write 100—120 words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

Говорение

Task 1. You are going to read the text aloud. You have 1.5 minutes to read the text silently, and then be ready to read it aloud. Remember that you will not have more than 2 minutes for reading aloud.

Earth Hour is an event that encourages people around the world to switch off electricity at the same time for one hour. Of course, switching off the lights for an hour makes a small difference to the amount of energy we use. But the aim of the event is not to save energy but to get people to think about the planet they live on. Earth Hour started in Australia in 2007. More and more countries join the ecological movement every year. Now, millions of people from 178 countries switch off their lights for 60 minutes at the end of March. People in Russia participate in this event too — large office buildings and small private houses go dark for Earth Hour.

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions.

Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

Task 3. You are going to give a talk about the Internet. You will have to start in 1.5 minutes and will speak for not more than 2 minutes (10-12 sentences).

Remember to say:

- what people use the Internet for
- what educational opportunities the Internet offers to students
- whether the Internet can be harmful for users, and why

You have to talk continuously.

Ответы

Раздел 1 (задания по аудированию)

1.

A	B	C	D
4	2	5	3

2.

A	B	C	D	E
5	6	3	4	1

3-8.

3	4	5	6	7	8
3	1	1	2	1	2

Раздел 2 (задания по чтению)

9.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G
3	2	7	5	8	6	1

10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
1	3	2	3	2	1	1	2

Раздел 3 (задания по грамматике и лексике)

18. BROUGHT

19. WAS IMPRESSED

20. DID

21. CHILDREN

- 22. ME
- 23. DIDNOTKNOW
- 24. FELL
- 25. COULD
- 26. FIRST
- 27. FASHIONABLE
- 28. ORIGINAL
- 29. FANTASTIC
- 30. ENGLISH
- 31. PERFORMANCE
- 32. CAREFUL

Письмо.

Dear Jessica,

Thanks a lot for your last letter. It was great to hear from you again. I am so sorry, I have not answered at once but I was busy with my schoolwork. I am glad that you have already chosen your future profession. In your letter, you ask me how I get to know what is happening in the world. Well, I read newspapers and watch TV as most people, I suppose. Frankly speaking, I do it spontaneously, not regularly. As far as I am going to become a doctor, I think that English will be necessary for my future career. I know that new medicine for numerous diseases appears in different countries, as well as new methods for treatment many serious diseases and they are different in many ways than those in Russia, so it will be useful for to read in the original the articles written in English in different medical journals on the internet, because English is one of the most popular languages and international scientific journals mostly publish articles in English. By the way, English is spoken practically all over the world and I think it's a must nowadays to know English. Do you agree? Well, I am closing now. Keep in touch. Hope to hear from you soon!

Best wishes,

Rezeda